# [MS-TSQLISO11-Diff]:

# SQL Server Transact-SQL ISO/IEC 9075-11 Standards Support Document

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# **Revision Summary**

Date	Revision History	Revision Class	Comments
6/29/2012	1.0	New	Released new document.
7/16/2012	1.0	None	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
10/8/2012	1.0	None	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
10/23/2012	1.0	None	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
3/26/2013	1.0	None	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
6/11/2013	1.0	None	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
8/8/2013	1.0	None	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
12/5/2013	1.0	None	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
2/11/2014	1.0	None	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
5/20/2014	1.0	None	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
5/10/2016	1.0	None	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
<u>8/16/2017</u>	<u>1.0</u>	None	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.

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# **1** Introduction

SQL Server Transact-SQL ISO/IEC 9075-11 Standards Support Document describes the level of support that is provided by Transact-SQL in both Microsoft SQL Server 2008 R2 and Microsoft SQL Server 2012 for Part 11: Information and Definition Schemas (SQL/Schemata) of both the 2008 and 2011 versions of the SQL language ISO/IEC 9075 international standard specification.

The Transact-SQL language is a procedural extension of the SQL database programming language as implemented by Microsoft [MSDN-Transact-SQLRef]. Transact-SQL supports and extends ANSI SQL. The Transact-SQL dialect is based on International Standard ISO/IEC 9075.

Unless otherwise stated, the specification excerpts are quoted from ISO/IEC 9075-11:2011. Differences between the ISO/IEC 9075-11:2008 and ISO/IEC 9075-11:2011 excerpts are called out where they occur, unless the difference is minor, such as in subclause renumbering.

# 1.1 Glossary

This document uses the following terms:

**join**: A combination of data from multiple sources that is based upon a common attribute or join condition.

**Transact-SQL**: The Microsoft proprietary version of SQL, the structured query language.

**MAY, SHOULD, MUST, SHOULD NOT, MUST NOT:** These terms (in all caps) are used as defined in [RFC2119]. All statements of optional behavior use either MAY, SHOULD, or SHOULD NOT.

# 1.2 References

Links to a document in the Microsoft Open Specifications library point to the correct section in the most recently published version of the referenced document. However, because individual documents in the library are not updated at the same time, the section numbers in the documents may not match. You can confirm the correct section numbering by checking the Errata.

# 1.2.1 Normative References

We conduct frequent surveys of the normative references to assure their continued availability. If you have any issue with finding a normative reference, please contact dochelp@microsoft.com. We will assist you in finding the relevant information.

[ISO/IEC9075-11:2008] ISO/IEC, "Information technology -- Database languages -- SQL -- Part 11: Information and Definition Schemas (SQL/Schemata)", INCITS/ISO/IEC 9075-11:2008, January 2009, http://webstore.ansi.org/RecordDetail.aspx?sku=INCITS%2fISO%2fIEC+9075-11-2008

**Note** There is a charge to download the specification.

[ISO/IEC9075-11:2011] ISO/IEC, "Information technology -- Database languages -- SQL -- Part 11: Information and Definition Schemas (SQL/Schemata)", ISO/IEC 9075-11:2008, December 2011, http://www.iso.org/iso/iso\_catalogue/catalogue\_tc/catalogue\_detail.htm?csnumber=53685

**Note** There is a charge to download the specification.

[ISO/IEC9075-14:2008] ISO/IEC, "Information technology -- Database languages -- SQL -- Part 14: XML-Related Specifications (SQL/XML)", INCITS/ISO/IEC 9075-14:2008, July 2008, http://webstore.ansi.org/RecordDetail.aspx?sku=INCITS%2fISO%2fIEC+9075-14-2008

**Note** There is a charge to download the specification.

[ISO/IEC9075-14:2011] ISO/IEC, "Information technology -- Database languages -- SQL -- Part 14: XML-Related Specifications (SQL/XML)", ISO/IEC 9075-14:2011, December 2011, http://www.iso.org/iso/iso\_catalogue/catalogue\_tc/catalogue\_detail.htm?csnumber=53686

**Note** There is a charge to download the specification.

[RFC2119] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", BCP 14, RFC 2119, March 1997, http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt

# **1.2.2 Informative References**

[ISO/IEC9075-1:2011] ISO/IEC, "Information technology -- Database languages -- SQL -- Part 1: Framework (SQL/Framework)", ISO/IEC 9075-1:2011, December 2011, http://www.iso.org/iso/iso\_catalogue/catalogue\_tc/catalogue\_detail.htm?csnumber=53681

**Note** There is a charge to download the specification.

[MS-TSQLIS002] Microsoft Corporation, "SQL Server Transact-SQL ISO/IEC 9075-2 Standards Support Document".

[MSDN-Transact-SQLRef] Microsoft Corporation, "Transact-SQL Reference (Database Engine)", http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb510741.aspx

# **1.3 Microsoft Implementations**

SQL Server 2008 R2

SQL Server 2012

Transact-SQL

# 1.4 Standards Support Requirements

An SQL implementation that is fully compliant with the SQL standards implements all mandatory features and optionally implements any optional features. For Part 11 of the standards (International Standard ISO/IEC 9075), the normative variations from mandatory features are listed in Mandatory Features (section 2.1.1) and the normative variations from optional features are listed in Optional Features (section 2.1.2).

This document covers Transact-SQL alignment with normative statements in the ISO/IEC standard. This document does not include:

- Clarifications of ambiguity in the target specification.
- Intended points of variability in the target specification, such as the use of MAY, SHOULD, or RECOMMENDED.
- The use of extensibility points (such as optional implementation-specific data).

The following table lists the sections of [ISO/IEC9075-11:2011] that are considered normative and that are considered informative.

Section(s)	Normative/Informative
1 - 3	Informative
4 - 7	Normative
Appendices A - G	Informative

# 1.5 Notation

The following notations are used to identify clarifications in the Standards Support Statements (section 2).

Notation	Explanation		
C####	This notation identifies a clarification of ambiguity in the target specification. This includes imprecise statements, omitted information, discrepancies, and errata. This does not include data formatting clarifications.		
V####	This notation identifies an intended point of variability in the target specification, such as the use of MAY, SHOULD, or RECOMMENDED. This does not include extensibility points.		
E####	Because the use of extensibility points (such as optional implementation-specific data) could impair interoperability, this notation identifies such points in the target specification.		

# 2 Standards Support Statements

This document addresses individual subclauses related to SQL features, not the features themselves. For example, Transact-SQL supports updatable joins, unions, and columns as an SQL feature. However, Transact-SQL does not support this information in the COLUMNS view. Therefore, section 2.1.2.21, T111, Updatable joins, unions, and columns, of this document, identifies and describes only the COLUMNS view of Feature T111 ([ISO/IEC9075-11:2011] subclause 5.21) as not supported by Transact-SQL.

See [ISO/IEC9075-1:2011] for the definition of "column".

For more information about how Transact-SQL complies with the SQL features that are detailed in International Standard 9075, consult the corresponding sections in [MS-TSQLIS002].

# 2.1 Normative Variations

The following subsections detail the normative variations in Transact-SQL from [ISO/IEC9075-11:2008] and [ISO/IEC9075-11:2011], as applicable.

# 2.1.1 Mandatory Features

# 2.1.1.1 F501, Features and conformance views

V0001:

The specification states the following:

```
Subclause 5.56, "SQL_FEATURES view":
Function
List the features and subfeatures of this standard, and indicate which of these the SQL-
implementation supports.
Subclause 5.59, "SQL_SIZING view":
```

Function

List the sizing items defined in this standard and, for each of these, indicate the size supported by the SQL-implementation.

Microsoft SQL Server 2008 R2 and Microsoft SQL Server 2012 vary as follows:

Transact-SQL does not support this feature.

# 2.1.1.2 F501-01, SQL\_FEATURES view

V0002:

The specification states the following:

```
Subclause 5.56, "SQL_FEATURES view":
Function
```

List the features and subfeatures of this standard, and indicate which of these the SQL-implementation supports.

SQL Server 2008 R2 and SQL Server 2012 vary as follows:

Transact-SQL does not support this feature.

# 2.1.1.3 F501-02, SQL\_SIZING view

V0003:

The specification states the following:

```
Subclause 5.59, "SQL_SIZING view":
Function
List the sizing items defined in this standard and, for each of these, indicate the size
supported by the SQL-implementation.
```

SQL Server 2008 R2 and SQL Server 2012 vary as follows:

Transact-SQL does not support this feature.

# 2.1.1.4 S011, Distinct data types

V0004:

The [ISO/IEC9075-14:2011] specification states the following:

```
Subclause 12.6, "<user-defined type definition>": When <representation> is <predefined type>
Format
<user-defined type definition> ::=
CREATE TYPE <user-defined type body>
<user-defined type body> ::=
<schema-resolved user-defined type name>
[ <subtype clause> ]
AS <representation> ]
[ <user-defined type option list> ]
[ <method specification list> ]
...
<representation> ::=
<predefined type>
| <member list>
```

SQL Server 2008 R2 and SQL Server 2012 vary as follows:

Transact-SQL does not support this feature.

# 2.1.1.5 S011-01, USER\_DEFINED\_TYPES view

V0005:

### The [ISO/IEC9075-14:2008] specification states the following:

```
Subclause 12.8, "<SQL-invoked routine>": If Feature T041, "Basic LOB data type support", is
supported, then the <locator indication> clause shall also be supported
Format
<SQL-invoked routine> ::=
<schema routine>
<schema routine> ::=
<schema procedure>
| <schema function>
<schema procedure> ::=
CREATE <SQL-invoked procedure>
<schema function> ::=
CREATE <SQL-invoked function>
<SQL-invoked procedure> ::=
PROCEDURE <schema qualified routine name> <SQL parameter declaration list>
<routine characteristics>
<routine body>
<SQL-invoked function> ::=
{ <function specification> | <method specification designator> } <routine body>
<SQL parameter declaration list> ::=
<left paren> [ <SQL parameter declaration>
[ { <comma> <SQL parameter declaration> }... ] ] <right paren>
<SQL parameter declaration> ::=
[ <parameter mode> ]
[ <SQL parameter name> ]
<parameter type> [ RESULT ]
. . .
<parameter mode> ::=
IN
| OUT
| INOUT
<parameter type> ::=
<data type> [ <locator indication> ]
<locator indication> ::=
AS LOCATOR
```

SQL Server 2008 R2 varies as follows:

Transact-SQL partially supports this feature. Only the ROUTINES and PARAMETERS views are supported.

SQL Server 2012 varies as follows:

This feature is absent in the [ISO/IEC9075-11:2011] specification.

# 2.1.1.6 T321, Basic SQL-invoked routines

V0006:

The [ISO/IEC9075-14:2008] specification states the following:

```
Subclause 12.8, "<SQL-invoked routine>": If Feature T041, "Basic LOB data type support", is
supported, then the <locator indication> clause shall also be supported
Format
<SQL-invoked routine> ::=
<schema routine>
<schema routine> ::=
<schema procedure>
| <schema function>
<schema procedure> ::=
CREATE <SQL-invoked procedure>
<schema function> ::=
CREATE <SQL-invoked function>
<SQL-invoked procedure> ::=
PROCEDURE <schema qualified routine name> <SQL parameter declaration list>
<routine characteristics>
<routine body>
<SQL-invoked function> ::=
{ <function specification> | <method specification designator> } <routine body>
<SQL parameter declaration list> ::=
<left paren> [ <SQL parameter declaration>
[ { <comma> <SQL parameter declaration> }... ] ] <right paren>
<SQL parameter declaration> ::=
[ <parameter mode> ]
[ <SQL parameter name> ]
<parameter type> [ RESULT ]
. . .
<parameter mode> ::=
ΙN
| OUT
| INOUT
<parameter type> ::=
<data type> [ <locator indication> ]
<locator indication> ::=
AS LOCATOR
```

SQL Server 2008 R2 varies as follows:

Transact-SQL partially supports this feature. Only the ROUTINES and PARAMETERS views are supported.

SQL Server 2012 varies as follows:

This feature is absent in the [ISO/IEC9075-11:2011] specification.

# 2.1.2 Optional Features

# 2.1.2.1 F231, Privilege tables

V0007:

#### The specification states the following:

Subclause 5.19, "COLUMN PRIVILEGES view":

Without Feature F231, "Privilege tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.COLUMN PRIVILEGES.

Function

Identify the privileges on columns of tables defined in this catalog that are available to or granted by a given user or role.

Subclause 5.25, "DATA TYPE PRIVILEGES view":

Without Feature F231, "Privilege tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.DATA\_TYPE\_PRIVILEGES.

Function

Identify those schema objects whose included data type descriptors are accessible to a given user or role.

Subclause 5.41, "ROLE COLUMN GRANTS view":

Without Feature F231, "Privilege tables", and Feature T331, "Basic roles", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.ROLE\_COLUMN\_GRANTS.

Function

Identifies the privileges on columns defined in this catalog that are available to or granted by the currently enabled roles.

Subclause 5.42, "ROLE ROUTINE GRANTS view":

Without Feature F231, "Privilege tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.ROLE\_ROUTINE\_GRANTS.

Function

Identify the privileges on SQL-invoked routines defined in this catalog that are available to or granted by the currently enabled roles.

Subclause 5.43, "ROLE TABLE GRANTS view":

Without Feature F231, "Privilege tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.ROLE\_TABLE\_GRANTS.

Function

Identifies the privileges on tables defined in this catalog that are available to or granted by the currently applicable roles.

Subclause 5.46, "ROLE UDT GRANTS view":

Without Feature F231, "Privilege tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.ROLE\_UDT\_GRANTS.

Function

Identify the privileges on user-defined types defined in this catalog that are available to or granted by the currently enabled roles.

Subclause 5.49, "ROUTINE PRIVILEGES view":

Without Feature F231, "Privilege tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.ROUTINE\_PRIVILEGES.

Identify the privileges on SQL-invoked routines defined in this catalog that are available to or granted by a given user or role.

Subclause 5.62, "TABLE PRIVILEGES view":

Without Feature F231, "Privilege tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.TABLE PRIVILEGES.

Function

Identify the privileges on tables defined in this catalog that are available to or granted by a given user or role.

Subclause 5.73, "UDT PRIVILEGES view":

Without Feature F231, "Privilege tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.UDT\_PRIVILEGES.

Function

Identify the privileges on user-defined types defined in this catalog that are accessible to or granted by a given user or role.

Subclause 5.74, "USAGE PRIVILEGES view":

Without Feature F231, "Privilege tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.USAGE\_PRIVILEGES.

Function

Identify the USAGE privileges on objects defined in this catalog that are available to or granted by a given user or role.

Subclause 5.81, "Short name views":

Without Feature F231, "Privilege tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.ROLE\_ROUT\_GRANTS. Function

Provide alternative views that use only identifiers that do not require Feature F391, "Long identifiers".

SQL Server 2008 R2 and SQL Server 2012 vary as follows:

Transact-SQL partially supports this feature. Only the TABLE\_PRIVILEGES and COLUMN\_PRIVILEGES views are supported.

See [ISO/IEC9075-1:2011] for the definition of "view".

### 2.1.2.2 F251, Domain support

V0008:

The specification states the following:

```
Subclause 5.3, "CARDINAL NUMBER domain":
```

Without Feature F251, "Domain support", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.CARDINAL NUMBER.

Function

Define a domain that contains a non-negative number.

Subclause 5.4, CHARACTER\_DATA domain:

Without Feature F251, "Domain support", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.CHARACTER DATA.

Function

Define a domain that contains any character data.

Subclause 5.5, "SQL IDENTIFIER domain":

Without Feature F251, "Domain support", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.SQL\_IDENTIFIER.

Function

Define a domain that contains all valid <identifier body>s and <delimited identifier body>s.

Subclause 5.6, "TIME STAMP domain":

Without Feature F251, "Domain support", and Feature T011, "Timestamp in Information Schema", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.TIME\_STAMP.

Function

Define a domain that contains a timestamp.

Subclause 5.7, "YES OR NO domain":

Without Feature F251, "Domain support", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.YES\_OR\_NO.

Function

Define a domain that is a character string value, but allows only two possible strings, YES or NO.

Subclause 5.18, "COLUMN DOMAIN USAGE view":

Without Feature F251, "Domain support", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.COLUMN DOMAIN USAGE.

Function

Identify the columns defined that are dependent on a domain defined in this catalog and owned by a user or role.

Subclause 5.28, "DOMAIN CONSTRAINTS view":

Without Feature F251, "Domain support", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.DOMAIN CONSTRAINTS.

Function

Identify the domain constraints of domains in this catalog that are accessible to a given user or role.

Subclause 5.29, "DOMAINS view":

Without Feature F251, "Domain support", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.DOMAINS.

Function

Identify the domains defined in this catalog that are accessible to a given user or role.

Subclause 5.81, "Short name views":

i) Without Feature F251, "Domain support", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.DOMAINS\_S.

ii) Without Feature F251, "Domain support", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.COL\_DOMAINS\_USAGE.

Function

Provide alternative views that use only identifiers that do not require Feature F391, "Long identifiers".

SQL Server 2008 R2 and SQL Server 2012 vary as follows:

Transact-SQL does not support this feature.

### 2.1.2.3 F341, Usage tables

V0009:

The specification states the following:

Subclause 5.13, "CHECK CONSTRAINT ROUTINE USAGE view":

Without Feature F341, "Usage tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.CHECK CONSTRAINT ROUTINE USAGE.

Function

Identify each SQL-invoked routine owned by a given user or role on which a domain constraint, table check constraint or assertion defined in this catalog is dependent.

Subclause 5.17, "COLUMN COLUMN USAGE view":

Without Feature F341, "Usage tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.COLUMN\_COLUMN\_USAGE.

Function

Identify each case where a generated column depends on a base column in a base table owned by a given user or role.

Subclause 5.18, "COLUMN DOMAIN USAGE view":

Without Feature F341, "Usage tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.COLUMN\_DOMAIN\_USAGE.

Function

Identify the columns defined that are dependent on a domain defined in this catalog and owned by a user or role.

Subclause 5.20, "COLUMN UDT USAGE view":

Without Feature F341, "Usage tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.COLUMN UDT USAGE.

Function

Identify the columns defined that are dependent on a user-defined type defined in this catalog and owned by a given user or role.

Subclause 5.22, "CONSTRAINT COLUMN USAGE view":

Without Feature F341, "Usage tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.CONSTRAINT COLUMN USAGE.

Identify the columns used by referential constraints, unique constraints, check constraints, and assertions defined in this catalog and owned by a given user or role.

Subclause 5.24, "CONSTRAINT TABLE USAGE view":

Without Feature F341, "Usage tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.CONSTRAINT TABLE USAGE.

Function

Identify the tables that are used by referential constraints, unique constraints, check constraints, and assertions defined in this catalog and owned by a given user or role.

Subclause 5.33, "KEY COLUMN USAGE view":

Without Feature F341, "Usage tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.KEY COLUMN USAGE.

Function

Identify the columns defined in this catalog that are constrained as keys and that are accessible by a given user or role.

Subclause 5.45, "ROLE USAGE GRANTS view":

Without Feature F341, "Usage tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.ROLE USAGE GRANTS.

Function

Identify the USAGE privileges on objects defined in this catalog that are available to or granted by the currently enabled roles.

Subclause 5.47, "ROUTINE COLUMN USAGE view":

Without Feature F341, "Usage tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.ROUTINE COLUMN USAGE.

Function

Identify the columns owned by a given user or role on which SQL routines defined in this catalog are dependent.

Subclause 5.50, "ROUTINE\_ROUTINE\_USAGE view": i) Without Feature F341, "Usage tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.ROUTINE ROUTINE USAGE.

Function

Identify each SQL-invoked routine owned by a given user or role on which an SQL routine defined in this catalog is dependent.

Subclause 5.51, "ROUTINE SEQUENCE USAGE view":

Without Feature F341, "Usage tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.ROUTINE\_SEQUENCE\_USAGE.

Function

Identify each external sequence generator owned by a given user or role on which some SQL routine defined in this catalog is dependent.

Subclause 5.52, "ROUTINE TABLE USAGE view":

Without Feature F341, "Usage tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.ROUTINE TABLE USAGE.

Identify the tables owned by a given user or role on which SQL routines defined in this catalog are dependent.

Subclause 5.67, "TRIGGER COLUMN USAGE view":

Without Feature F341, "Usage tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.TRIGGER COLUMN USAGE.

Function

Identify the columns on which triggers defined in this catalog and owned by a given user are dependent because of their reference by the search condition or in their appearance in a triggered SQL statement of a trigger owned by a given user or role.

Subclause 5.69, "TRIGGER ROUTINE USAGE view":

Without Feature F341, "Usage tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.TRIGGER\_ROUTINE\_USAGE.

Function

Identify each SQL-invoked routine owned by a given user or role on which some trigger defined in this catalog is dependent.

Subclause 5.70, "TRIGGER SEQUENCE USAGE view":

Without Feature F341, "Usage tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.TRIGGER SEQUENCE USAGE.

Function

Identify each external sequence generator owned by a given user or role on which some trigger defined in this catalog is dependent.

Subclause 5.71, "TRIGGER TABLE USAGE view":

Without Feature F341, "Usage tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.TRIGGER TABLE USAGE.

Function

Identify the tables on which triggers defined in this catalog and owned by a given user or role are dependent.

Subclause 5.76, "VIEW COLUMN USAGE view":

Without Feature F341, "Usage tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.VIEW\_COLUMN\_USAGE.

Function

Identify the columns on which viewed tables defined in this catalog and owned by a given user or role are dependent.

Subclause 5.78, "VIEW\_ROUTINE USAGE view":

Without Feature F341, "Usage tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.VIEW ROUTINE USAGE.

Function

Identify each routine owned by a given user or role on which a view defined in this catalog is dependent.

Subclause 5.79, "VIEW TABLE USAGE view":

Without Feature F341, "Usage tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.VIEW\_TABLE\_USAGE.

Identify the tables on which viewed tables defined in this catalog and owned by a given user or role are dependent.

Subclause 5.81, "Short name views":

Function

Provide alternative views that use only identifiers that do not require Feature F391, "Long identifiers".

i) Without Feature F341, "Usage tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference the INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.TRIG\_TABLE\_USAGE view.

ii) Without Feature F341, "Usage tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.TRIG\_UPDATE\_COLS.

iii) Without Feature F341, "Usage tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.COL\_DOMAIN\_USAGE.

iv) Without Feature F341, "Usage tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.CONST\_COL\_USAGE.

v) Without Feature F341, "Usage tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.CONST TABLE USAGE.

vi) Without Feature F341, "Usage tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.KEY\_COLUMN\_USAGE\_S.

vii) Without Feature F341, "Usage tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.ROUTINE\_COL\_USAGE.

viii) Without Feature F341, "Usage tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.ROUT\_TABLE\_USAGE.

ix) Without Feature F341, "Usage tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.ROUT ROUT USAGE S.

x) Without Feature F341, "Usage tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.CONSTR ROUT USE S.

xi) Without Feature F341, "Usage tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.TRIG ROUT USAGE S.

xii) Without Feature F341, "Usage tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.ROUT\_SEQ\_USAGE\_S.

xiii) Without Feature F341, "Usage tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.TRIG\_COLUMN\_USAGE.

xiv) Without Feature F341, "Usage tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.TRIG\_SEQ\_USAGE\_S.

xv) Without Feature F341, "Usage tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.COL COL USAGE.

#### SQL Server 2008 R2 and SQL Server 2012 vary as follows:

Transact-SQL partially supports this feature. Only the COLUMN\_DOMAIN\_USAGE, CONSTRAINT\_COLUMN\_USAGE, CONSTRAINT\_TABLE\_USAGE, KEY\_COLUMN\_USAGE, VIEW\_COLUMN\_USAGE, and VIEW\_TABLE\_USAGE views are supported.

### 2.1.2.4 F391, Long identifiers

V0010:

#### The specification states the following:

Subclause 5.2, "INFORMATION SCHEMA CATALOG NAME base table":

Without Feature F391, "Long identifiers", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.INFORMATION SCHEMA CATALOG NAME.

Function

Identify the catalog that contains the Information Schema.

Subclause 5.8, "ADMINISTRABLE ROLE AUTHORIZATIONS view":

Without Feature F391, "Long identifiers", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.ADMINISTRABLE\_ROLE\_AUTHORIZATIONS.

Function

Identify role authorizations for which the current user or role has WITH ADMIN OPTION.

Subclause 5.11, "ATTRIBUTES view":

Without Feature F391, "Long identifiers", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.ATTRIBUTES.

Function

Identify the attributes of user-defined types defined in this catalog that are accessible to a given user or role.

Subclause 5.12, "CHARACTER\_SETS view":

Without Feature F391, "Long identifiers", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.CHARACTER\_SETS.

Function

Identify the character sets defined in this catalog that are accessible to a given user or role.

Subclause 5.13, "CHECK CONSTRAINT ROUTINE USAGE view":

Without Feature F391, "Long identifiers", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.CHECK CONSTRAINT ROUTINE USAGE.

Function

Identify each SQL-invoked routine owned by a given user or role on which a domain constraint, table check constraint or assertion defined in this catalog is dependent.

Subclause 5.15, "COLLATIONS view":

Without Feature F391, "Long identifiers", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.COLLATIONS.

Function

Identify the character collations defined in this catalog that are accessible to a given user or role.

Subclause 5.16, "COLLATION CHARACTER SET APPLICABILITY view":

Without Feature F391, "Long identifiers", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.COLLATION\_CHARACTER\_SET\_APPLICABILITY.

Identify the character sets to which each collation is applicable.

Subclause 5.17, "COLUMN COLUMN USAGE view":

Without Feature F391, "Long identifiers", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.COLUMN\_COLUMN\_USAGE.

Function

Identify each case where a generated column depends on a base column in a base table owned by a given user or role.

Subclause 5.18, "COLUMN DOMAIN USAGE view":

Without Feature F391, "Long identifiers", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.COLUMN DOMAIN USAGE.

Function

Identify the columns defined that are dependent on a domain defined in this catalog and owned by a user or role.

Subclause 5.21, "COLUMNS view":

Without Feature F391, "Long identifiers", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.COLUMNS.

Function

Identify the columns of tables defined in this catalog that are accessible to a given user or role.

Subclause 5.22, "CONSTRAINT COLUMN USAGE view":

Without Feature F391, "Long identifiers", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.CONSTRAINT COLUMN USAGE.

Function

Identify the columns used by referential constraints, unique constraints, check constraints, and assertions defined in this catalog and owned by a given user or role.

Subclause 5.24, "CONSTRAINT TABLE USAGE view":

Without Feature F391, "Long identifiers", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.CONSTRAINT\_TABLE\_USAGE.

Function

Identify the tables that are used by referential constraints, unique constraints, check constraints, and assertions defined in this catalog and owned by a given user or role.

Subclause 5.29, "DOMAINS view":

Without Feature F391, "Long identifiers", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.DOMAINS.

Function

Identify the domains defined in this catalog that are accessible to a given user or role.

Subclause 5.30, "ELEMENT TYPES view":

Without Feature F391, "Long identifiers", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.ELEMENT TYPES.

Function

Identify the collection element types defined in this catalog that are accessible to a given user or role.

Subclause 5.32, "FIELDS view":

Without Feature F391, "Long identifiers", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.FIELDS.

Function

Identify the field types defined in this catalog that are accessible to a given user or role.

Subclause 5.33, "KEY COLUMN USAGE view":

Without Feature F391, "Long identifiers", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.KEY COLUMN USAGE.

Function

Identify the columns defined in this catalog that are constrained as keys and that are accessible by a given user or role.

Subclause 5.35, "METHOD SPECIFICATION PARAMETERS view":

Without Feature F391, "Long identifiers", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.METHOD SPECIFICATION PARAMETERS.

Function

Identify the SQL parameters of method specifications described in the METHOD\_SPECIFICATIONS view that are accessible to a given user or role.

Subclause 5.36, "METHOD SPECIFICATIONS view":

Without Feature F391, "Long identifiers", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.METHOD\_SPECIFICATIONS.

Function

Identify the SQL-invoked methods in the catalog that are accessible to a given user or role.

Subclause 5.37, "PARAMETERS view":

Without Feature F391, "Long identifiers", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.PARAMETERS.

Function

Identify the SQL parameters of SQL-invoked routines defined in this catalog that are accessible to a given user or role.

Subclause 5.39, "REFERENCED TYPES view":

Without Feature F391, "Long identifiers", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.REFERENCED\_TYPES.

Function

Identify the referenced types of reference types defined in this catalog that are accessible to a given user or role.

Subclause 5.40, "REFERENTIAL CONSTRAINTS view":

Without Feature F391, "Long identifiers", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.REFERENTIAL CONSTRAINTS.

Function

Identify the referential constraints defined on tables in this catalog that are accssible to a given user or role.

Subclause 5.42, "ROLE ROUTINE GRANTS view":

Without Feature F391, "Long identifiers", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.ROLE ROUTINE GRANTS.

#### Function

Identify the privileges on SQL-invoked routines defined in this catalog that are available to or granted by the currently enabled roles.

Subclause 5.44, "ROLE TABLE METHOD GRANTS view":

Without Feature F391, "Long identifiers", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.ROLE TABLE METHOD GRANTS.

#### Function

Identify the privileges on methods of tables of structured types defined in this catalog that are available to or granted by the currently enabled roles.

Subclause 5.47, "ROUTINE COLUMN USAGE view":

Without Feature F391, "Long identifiers", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.ROUTINE COLUMN USAGE.

#### Function

Identify the columns owned by a given user or role on which SQL routines defined in this catalog are dependent.

Subclause 5.50, "ROUTINE ROUTINE USAGE view":

Without Feature F391, "Long identifiers", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.ROUTINE ROUTINE USAGE.

Function

Identify each SQL-invoked routine owned by a given user or role on which an SQL routine defined in this catalog is dependent.

Subclause 5.51, "ROUTINE SEQUENCE USAGE view":

Without Feature F391, "Long identifiers", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.ROUTINE SEQUENCE USAGE.

#### Function

Identify each external sequence generator owned by a given user or role on which some SQL routine defined in this catalog is dependent.

Subclause 5.52, "ROUTINE TABLE USAGE view":

Without Feature F391, "Long identifiers", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.ROUTINE\_TABLE\_USAGE.

Function

Identify the tables owned by a given user or role on which SQL routines defined in this catalog are dependent.

Subclause 5.53, "ROUTINES view":

Without Feature F391, "Long identifiers", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.ROUTINES.

Function

Identify the SQL-invoked routines in this catalog that are accessible to a given user or role.

Subclause 5.54, "SCHEMATA view":

Without Feature F391, "Long identifiers", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.SCHEMATA.

Function

Identify the schemata in a catalog that are owned by a given user or role.

Subclause 5.55, "SEQUENCES view":

Without Feature F391, "Long identifiers", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.SEQUENCES.

Function

Identify the external sequence generators defined in this catalog that are accessible to a given user or role.

Subclause 5.57, "SQL IMPLEMENTATION INFO view":

Without Feature F391, "Long identifiers", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.SQL IMPLEMENTATION INFO.

Function

List the SQL-implementation information items defined in this standard and, for each of these, indicate the value supported by the SQL-implementation.

Subclause 5.61, "TABLE METHOD PRIVILEGES view":

Without Feature F391, "Long identifiers", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.TABLE\_METHOD\_PRIVILEGES.

Function

Identify the privileges on methods of tables of structured type defined in those catalogs that are available to or granted by a given user or role.

Subclause 5.63, "TABLES view":

Without Feature F391, "Long identifiers", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.TABLES.

Function

Identify the tables defined in this catalog that are accessible to a given user or role.

Subclause 5.65, "TRANSLATIONS view":

Without Feature F391, "Long identifiers", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.TRANSLATIONS.

Function

Identify the character transliterations defined in this catalog that are accessible to a given user or role.

Subclause 5.66, "TRIGGERED UPDATE COLUMNS view":

Without Feature F391, "Long identifiers", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.TRIGGERED UPDATE COLUMNS.

Function

Identify the columns in this catalog that are identified by the explicit UPDATE trigger event columns of a trigger defined in this catalog that are accessible to a given user or role.

Subclause 5.67, "TRIGGER COLUMN USAGE view":

Without Feature F391, "Long identifiers", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.TRIGGERED\_COLUMN\_USAGE.

Function

Identify the columns on which triggers defined in this catalog and owned by a given user are dependent because of their reference by the search condition or in their appearance in a triggered SQL statement of a trigger owned by a given user or role.

Subclause 5.69, "TRIGGER ROUTINE USAGE view":

Without Feature F391, "Long identifiers", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.TRIGGER ROUTINE USAGE.

Function

Identify each SQL-invoked routine owned by a given user or role on which some trigger defined in this catalog is dependent.

Subclause 5.70, "TRIGGER SEQUENCE USAGE view":

Without Feature F391, "Long identifiers", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.TRIGGER SEQUENCE USAGE.

Function

Identify each external sequence generator owned by a given user or role on which some trigger defined in this catalog is dependent.

Subclause 5.71, "TRIGGER TABLE USAGE view":

Without Feature F391, "Long identifiers", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.TRIGGER TABLE USAGE.

Function

Identify the tables on which triggers defined in this catalog and owned by a given user or role are dependent.

Subclause 5.72, "TRIGGERS view":

Without Feature F391, "Long identifiers", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.TRIGGERS.

Function

Identify the triggers defined on tables in this catalog that are accessible to a given user or role.

Subclause 5.75, "USER DEFINED TYPES view":

Without Feature F391, "Long identifiers", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.USER\_DEFINED\_TYPES.

Function

Identify the user-defined types defined in this catalog that are accessible to a given user or role.

#### The following additional subclause is present in the [ISO/IEC9075-11:2008] specification:

Subclause 5.57, "SQL SIZING PROFILES view":

Without Feature F391, "Long identifiers", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.SQL\_SIZING\_PROFILES.

List the sizing items defined in this standard and, for each of these, indicate the size required by one or more profiles of the standard.

SQL Server 2008 R2 and SQL Server 2012 vary as follows:

Transact-SQL partially supports this feature. Only the COLUMN\_DOMAIN\_USAGE, COLUMNS, CONSTRAINT\_COLUMN\_USAGE, CONSTRAINT\_TABLE\_USAGE, DOMAINS, KEY\_COLUMN\_USAGE, PARAMETERS, REFERENTIAL CONSTRAINTS, ROUTINES, SCHEMATA, and TABLES views are supported.

### 2.1.2.5 F502, Enhanced documentation tables

V0011:

The specification states the following:

Subclause 5.537, "SQL IMPLEMENTATION INFO view":

Without Feature F502, "Enhanced documentation tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.SQL\_IMPLEMENTATION\_INFO.

Function

List the SQL-implementation information items defined in this standard and, for each of these, indicate the value supported by the SQL-implementation.

Subclause 5.58, "SQL PARTS view":

Without Feature F502, "Enhanced documentation tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.SQL\_PARTS.

Function

List the parts of this standard, and indicate which of these the SQL-implementation supports.

Subclause 5.81, "Short name views":

Function

Provide alternative views that use only identifiers that do not require Feature F391, "Long identifiers".

i) Without Feature F502, "Enhanced documentation tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.SQL\_IMPL\_INFO.

ii) Without Feature F502, "Enhanced documentation tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.SQL\_SIZING\_PROFS.

#### The following additional subclauses are present in the [ISO/IEC9075-11:2008] specification:

Subclause 5.54, "SQL PACKAGES view":

Without Feature F502, "Enhanced documentation tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.SQL\_PACKAGES.

Function

List the packages of this standard, and indicate which of these the SQL-implementation supports.

Subclause 5.57, "SQL\_SIZING\_PROFILES view": Without Feature F502, "Enhanced documentation tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.SQL SIZING PROFILES. Function

List the sizing items defined in this standard and, for each of these, indicate the size required by one or more profiles of the standard.

SQL Server 2008 R2 and SQL Server 2012 vary as follows:

Transact-SQL does not support this feature.

# 2.1.2.6 F521, Assertions

V0012:

The specification states the following:

```
Subclause 5.10, "ASSERTIONS view":
Without Feature F521, "Assertions", conforming SQL language shall not reference
INFORMATION_SCHEMA.ASSERTIONS.
Function
Identify the assertions defined in this catalog that are owned by a given user or role.
```

SQL Server 2008 R2 and SQL Server 2012 vary as follows:

Transact-SQL does not support this feature.

# 2.1.2.7 F651, Catalog name qualifiers

V0013:

The specification states the following:

Subclause 5.2, "INFORMATION SCHEMA CATALOG NAME base table":

Without Feature F651, "Catalog name qualifiers", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.INFORMATION\_SCHEMA\_CATALOG\_NAME.

Function

Identify the catalog that contains the Information Schema.

SQL Server 2008 R2 and SQL Server 2012 vary as follows:

Transact-SQL does not support this feature.

# 2.1.2.8 F690, Collation support

V0014:

#### The specification states the following:

```
Subclause 5.15, "COLLATIONS view":
Without Feature F690, "Collation support", conforming SQL language shall not reference
INFORMATION SCHEMA.COLLATIONS.
```

Function

Identify the character collations defined in this catalog that are accessible to a given user or role.

Subclause 5.16, "COLLATION CHARACTER SET APPLICABILITY view":

Without Feature F690, "Collation support ", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.COLLATION CHARACTER SET APPLICABILITY.

Function

Identify the character sets to which each collation is applicable.

Subclause 5.81, "Short name views":

Without Feature F690, "Collation support", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.COLLATIONS\_S.

Function

Provide alternative views that use only identifiers that do not require Feature F391, "Long identifiers".

SQL Server 2008 R2 and SQL Server 2012 vary as follows:

Transact-SQL does not support this feature.

#### 2.1.2.9 F695, Translation support

V0015:

The specification states the following:

Subclause 5.65, "TRANSLATIONS view":

Without Feature F695, "Translation support", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.TRANSLATIONS.

Function

Identify the character transliterations defined in this catalog that are accessible to a given user or role.

Subclause 5.81, "Short name views":

Without Feature F695, "Translation support", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.TRANSLATIONS\_S.

Function

Provide alternative views that use only identifiers that do not require Feature F391, "Long identifiers".

SQL Server 2008 R2 and SQL Server 2012 vary as follows:

Transact-SQL does not support this feature.

#### 2.1.2.10 F696, Additional translation documentation

V0016:

#### The specification states the following:

Subclause 5.65, "TRANSLATIONS view":

Without Feature F696, "Additional translation documentation", conforming SQL language shall not reference TRANSLATION SOURCE CATALOG, TRANSLATION SOURCE SCHEMA, TRANSLATION SOURCE NAME.

Function

Identify the character transliterations defined in this catalog that are accessible to a given user or role.

Subclause 5.81, "Short name views":

Without Feature F696, "Additional translation documentation", conforming SQL language shall not reference TRANSLATIONS\_S.TRANS\_SRC\_CATALOG, TRANSLATIONS\_S.TRANS\_SRC\_SCHEMA, or TRANSLATIONS\_S.TRANS\_SRC\_NAME.

Function

Provide alternative views that use only identifiers that do not require Feature F391, "Long identifiers".

SQL Server 2008 R2 and SQL Server 2012 vary as follows:

Transact-SQL does not support this feature.

#### 2.1.2.11 S023, Basic structured types

V0017:

The specification states the following:

Subclause 5.11, "ATTRIBUTES view":

Without Feature S023, "Basic structured types", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.ATTRIBUTES.

Function

Identify the attributes of user-defined types defined in this catalog that are accessible to a given user or role.

Subclause 5.35, "METHOD SPECIFICATION PARAMETERS view":

Without Feature S023, "Basic structured types", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.METHOD\_SPECIFICATION\_PARAMETERS.

Function

Identify the SQL parameters of method specifications described in the  ${\tt METHOD\_SPECIFICATIONS}$  view that are accessible to a given user or role.

Subclause 5.36, "METHOD SPECIFICATIONS view":

Without Feature S023, "Basic structured types", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.METHOD\_SPECIFICATIONS.

Function

Identify the SQL-invoked methods in the catalog that are accessible to a given user or role.

Subclause 5.81, "Short name views":

#### Function

Provide alternative views that use only identifiers that do not require Feature F391, "Long identifiers".

i) Without Feature S023, "Basic structured types", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.ATTRIBUTES S.

ii) Without Feature S023, "Basic structured types", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.METHOD SPECS.

iii) Without Feature S023, "Basic structured types", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.METHOD\_SPEC\_PARAMS.

#### SQL Server 2008 R2 and SQL Server 2012 vary as follows:

Transact-SQL does not support this feature.

#### 2.1.2.12 S024, Enhanced structured types

#### V0018:

The specification states the following:

Subclause 5.27, "DIRECT SUPERTYPES view":

Without Feature S024, "Enhanced structured types", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.DIRECT SUPERTYPES.

Function

Identify the direct supertypes related to a user-defined type that are defined in this catalog and owned by a given user or role.

Subclause 5.44, "ROLE TABLE METHOD GRANTS view":

Without Feature S024, "Enhanced structured types", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.ROLE TABLE METHOD GRANTS.

Function

Identify the privileges on methods of tables of structured types defined in this catalog that are available to or granted by the currently enabled roles.

Subclause 5.61, "TABLE METHOD PRIVILEGES view":

Without Feature S024, "Enhanced structured types", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.TABLE\_METHOD\_PRIVILEGES.

Function

Identify the privileges on methods of tables of structured type defined in those catalogs that are available to or granted by a given user or role.

Subclause 5.81, "Short name views":

Function

Provide alternative views that use only identifiers that do not require Feature F391, "Long identifiers".

i) Without Feature S024, "Enhanced structured types", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.TABLE\_METHOD\_PRIVS.

ii) Without Feature S024, "Enhanced structured types", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.ROL\_TAB\_METH\_GRNTS.

SQL Server 2008 R2 and SQL Server 2012 vary as follows:

Transact-SQL does not support this feature.

# 2.1.2.13 S041, Basic reference types

### V0019:

The specification states the following:

Subclause 5.39, "REFERENCED TYPES view":

Without Feature S041, "Basic reference types", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.REFERENCED\_TYPES.

Function

Identify the referenced types of reference types defined in this catalog that are accessible to a given user or role.

Subclause 5.81, "Short name views":

Without Feature S041, "Basic reference types", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.REFERENCED\_TYPES\_S.

Function

Provide alternative views that use only identifiers that do not require Feature F391, "Long identifiers".

SQL Server 2008 R2 and SQL Server 2012 vary as follows:

Transact-SQL does not support this feature.

# 2.1.2.14 S081, Subtables

V0014:

The specification states the following:

Subclause 5.26, "DIRECT\_SUPERTABLES view":

Without Feature S081, "Subtables", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.DIRECT SUPERTABLES.

Function

Identify the direct supertables related to a table that are defined in this catalog and owned by a given user or role.

SQL Server 2008 R2 and SQL Server 2012 vary as follows:

Transact-SQL does not support this feature.

## 2.1.2.15 S091, Basic array support

V0021:

The specification states the following:

Subclause 5.30, "ELEMENT\_TYPES view": Without Feature S091, "Basic array support", or Feature S271, "Basic multiset support", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.ELEMENT\_TYPES. Function

Identify the collection element types defined in this catalog that are accessible to a given user or role.

Subclause 5.81, "Short name views":

Without Feature S091, "Basic array support" or Feature S271, "Basic multiset support", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.ELEMENT TYPES S.

Function

```
Provide alternative views that use only identifiers that do not require Feature F391, "Long identifiers".
```

SQL Server 2008 R2 and SQL Server 2012 vary as follows:

Transact-SQL does not support this feature.

### 2.1.2.16 S241, Transform functions

V0022:

The specification states the following:

Subclause 5.64, "TRANSFORMS view":

Without Feature S241, "Transform functions", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.TRANSFORMS.

Function

Identify the transforms on user-defined types defined in this catalog that are accessible to a given user or role.

SQL Server 2008 R2 and SQL Server 2012 vary as follows:

Transact-SQL does not support this feature.

### 2.1.2.17 S271, Basic multiset support

V0023:

The specification states the following:

Subclause 5.30, "ELEMENT TYPES view":

```
Without Feature S091, "Basic array support", or Feature S271, "Basic multiset support", conforming SQL language shall not reference
```

INFORMATION SCHEMA.ELEMENT TYPES.

Function

Identify the collection element types defined in this catalog that are accessible to a given user or role.

Subclause 5.81, "Short name views":

Without Feature S091, "Basic array support" or Feature S271, "Basic multiset support", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.ELEMENT TYPES S.

Function

```
Provide alternative views that use only identifiers that do not require Feature F391, "Long identifiers".
```

SQL Server 2008 R2 and SQL Server 2012 vary as follows:

Transact-SQL does not support this feature.

### 2.1.2.18 S401, Distinct types based on array types

#### V0024:

The specification states the following:

Subclause 5.75, "USER DEFINED TYPES view":

Without Feature S401, "Distinct types based on array types", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.USER DEFINED TYPES.MAXIMUM CARDINALITY.

Function

Identify the user-defined types defined in this catalog that are accessible to a given user or role.

Subclause 5.81, "Short name views":

Without Feature S401, "Distinct types based on array types", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.UDT\_S.MAX\_CARDINALITY

Function

Provide alternative views that use only identifiers that do not require Feature F391, "Long identifiers".

SQL Server 2008 R2 and SQL Server 2012 vary as follows:

Transact-SQL does not support this feature.

### 2.1.2.19 T011, Timestamp in Information Schema

V0025:

#### The specification states the following:

```
Subclause 5.6, "TIME_STAMP domain":
```

```
Without Feature F251, "Domain support", and Feature T011, "Timestamp in Information Schema", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.TIME STAMP.
```

Function

Define a domain that contains a timestamp.

Subclause 5.36, "METHOD SPECIFICATIONS view":

i) Without Feature T011, "Timestamp in Information Schema", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.METHOD SPECIFICATIONS.CREATED.

ii) Without Feature T011, "Timestamp in Information Schema", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.METHOD\_SPECIFICATIONS.LAST\_ALTERED.

Function

Identify the SQL-invoked methods in the catalog that are accessible to a given user or role.

Subclause 5.53, "ROUTINES view":

i) Without Feature T011, "Timestamp in Information Schema", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.ROUTINES.CREATED.

ii) Without Feature T011, "Timestamp in Information Schema", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.ROUTINES.LAST ALTERED.

Function

Identify the SQL-invoked routines in this catalog that are accessible to a given user or role.

Subclause 5.72, "TRIGGERS view":

Without Feature T011, "Timestamp in Information Schema", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.TRIGGERS.TRIGGER CREATED.

Function

Identify the triggers defined on tables in this catalog that are accessible to a given user or role.

Subclause 5.81, "Short name views":

Function

Provide alternative views that use only identifiers that do not require Feature F391, "Long identifiers".

i) Without Feature T011, "Timestamp in Information Schema", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.METHOD SPEC.CREATED.

ii) Without Feature T011, "Timestamp in Information Schema", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.METHOD\_SPEC.LAST\_ALTERED.

iii) Without Feature T011, "Timestamp in Information Schema", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.ROUTINES\_S.CREATED.

iv) Without Feature T011, "Timestamp in Information Schema", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.ROUTINES S.LAST ALTERED.

SQL Server 2008 R2 and SQL Server 2012 vary as follows:

Transact-SQL does not support this feature.

#### 2.1.2.20 T051, Row types

V0026:

#### The specification states the following:

Subclause 5.32, "FIELDS view": Without Feature T051, "Row types", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.FIELDS. Function Identify the field types defined in this catalog that are accessible to a given user or role. Subclause 5.81, "Short name views": Without Feature T051, "Row types", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.FIELDS\_S. Function Provide alternative views that use only identifiers that do not require Feature F391, "Long identifiers".

SQL Server 2008 R2 and SQL Server 2012 vary as follows:

Transact-SQL does not support this feature.

### 2.1.2.21 T111, Updatable joins, unions, and columns

V0027:

The specification states the following:

Subclause 5.21, "COLUMNS view":

Without Feature T111, "Updatable joins, unions, and columns", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.COLUMNS.IS\_UPDATABLE.

Function

```
Identify the columns of tables defined in this catalog that are accessible to a given user or role.
```

SQL Server 2008 R2 and SQL Server 2012 vary as follows:

Transact-SQL does not support this feature.

### 2.1.2.22 T175, Generated columns

V0028:

The specification states the following:

Subclause 5.17, "COLUMN COLUMN USAGE view":

Without Feature T175, "Generated columns", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.COLUMN USAGE.

Function

Identify each case where a generated column depends on a base column in a base table owned by a given user or role.

Subclause 5.21, "COLUMNS view":

i) Without Feature T175, "Generated columns", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.COLUMNS.IS GENERATED.

ii) Without Feature T175, "Generated columns", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.COLUMNS.GENERATION\_EXPRESSION.

Function

Identify the columns of tables defined in this catalog that are accessible to a given user or role.

Subclause 5.81, "Short name views":

Function

Provide alternative views that use only identifiers that do not require Feature F391, "Long identifiers".

i) Without Feature T175, "Generated columns", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.COL COL USAGE.

ii) Without Feature T175, "Generated columns", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.COLUMNS.IS\_GENERATED

iii) Without Feature T175, "Generated columns", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.COLUMNS\_S.GENERATION\_EXPR.

SQL Server 2008 R2 and SQL Server 2012 vary as follows:

Transact-SQL does not support this feature.

### 2.1.2.23 T176, Sequence generator support

#### V0029:

#### The specification states the following:

Subclause 5.51, "ROUTINE SEQUENCE USAGE view":

Without Feature T176, "Sequence generator support", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.ROUTINE\_SEQUENCE\_USAGE.

Function

Identify each external sequence generator owned by a given user or role on which some SQL routine defined in this catalog is dependent.

Subclause 5.55, "SEQUENCES view":

Without Feature T176, "Sequence generator support", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.SEQUENCES.

Function

Identify the external sequence generators defined in this catalog that are accessible to a given user or role.

Subclause 5.70, "TRIGGER SEQUENCE USAGE view":

Without Feature T176, "Sequence generator support", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.TRIGGER\_SEQUENCE\_USAGE.

Identify each external sequence generator owned by a given user or role on which some trigger defined in this catalog is dependent.

Subclause 5.81, "Short name views":

Function

Provide alternative views that use only identifiers that do not require Feature F391, "Long identifiers".

i) Without Feature T176, "Sequence generator support", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.ROUT SEQ USAGE S.

ii) Without Feature T176, "Sequence generator support", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.SEQUENCES\_S.

iii) Without Feature T176, "Sequence generator support", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.TRIGGER\_SEQ\_USAGE\_S.

SQL Server 2008 R2 varies as follows:

Transact-SQL does not support this feature.

SQL Server 2012 varies as follows:

Transact-SQL partially supports this feature. Only the INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.SEQUENCES view is supported.

### 2.1.2.24 T180, System-versioned tables

V0030:

The specification states the following:

Subclause 5.21, "COLUMNS view":

Without Feature T180, "System-versioned tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference any of the columns IS\_SYSTEM\_TIME\_PERIOD\_START, IS\_SYSTEM\_TIME\_PERIOD\_END, and SYSTEM\_TIME\_PERIOD\_TIMESTAMP\_GENERATION.

Function

Identify the columns of tables defined in this catalog that are accessible to a given user or role.

Subclause 5.38, "PERIODS view":

Without Feature T180, "System-versioned tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.PERIODS.

Function

Identify the periods of tables defined in this catalog that are accessible to a given user or role.

Subclause 5.48, "ROUTINE PERIOD USAGE view":

Without Feature T180, "System-versioned tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.ROUTINE\_PERIOD\_USAGE.

Identify the periods of tables owned by a given user or role on which SQL routines defined in this catalog are dependent.

Subclause 5.68, "TRIGGER PERIOD USAGE view":

Without Feature T180, "System-versioned tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.TRIGGER\_PERIOD\_USAGE.

Function

Identify the periods in which triggers defined in this catalog and owned by a given user or role are dependent because of their reference by the search condition or in their appearance in a triggered SQL statement of a trigger owned by a given user or role.

Subclause 5.77, "VIEW PERIOD USAGE view":

Without Feature T180, "System-versioned tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.VIEW\_PERIOD\_USAGE.

Function

Identify the periods on which viewed tables defined in this catalog and owned by a given user or role are dependent.

Subclause 5.81, "Short name views":

Without Feature T180, "System-versioned tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference any of the columns COLUMNS\_S.IS\_SYSPER\_START, COLUMNS\_S.IS\_SYSPER\_END, and COLUMNS S.SYSPER TSTMP GEN.

Function

Provide alternative views that use only identifiers that do not require Feature F391, "Long identifiers".

SQL Server 2008 R2 varies as follows:

This feature is absent in the [ISO/IEC9075-11:2008] specification.

SQL Server 2012 varies as follows:

Transact-SQL does not support this feature.

### 2.1.2.25 T181, Application-time period tables

V0031:

The specification states the following:

Subclause 5.23, "CONSTRAINT PERIOD USAGE view":

Without Feature T181, "Application-time period tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.CONSTRAINT\_PERIOD\_USAGE.

Function

Identify the periods used by referential constraints, unique constraints, check constraints, and assertions defined in this catalog and owned by a given user or role.

Subclause 5.34, "KEY PERIOD USAGE view":

Without Feature T181, "Application-time period tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.KEY\_PERIOD\_USAGE.

#### Function

Identify the periods defined in this catalog that participate in the definition of unique, primary, and foreign keys and that are accessible by a given user or role.

Subclause 5.38, "PERIODS view":

Without Feature T181, "Application-time period tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.PERIODS.

Function

Identify the periods of tables defined in this catalog that are accessible to a given user or role.

Subclause 5.48, "ROUTINE PERIOD USAGE view":

Without Feature T181, "Application-time period tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.ROUTINE PERIOD USAGE.

Function

Identify the periods of tables owned by a given user or role on which SQL routines defined in this catalog are dependent.

Subclause 5.68, "TRIGGER PERIOD USAGE view":

Without Feature T181, "Application-time period tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.TRIGGER\_PERIOD\_USAGE.

Function

Identify the periods in which triggers defined in this catalog and owned by a given user or role are dependent because of their reference by the search condition or in their appearance in a triggered SQL statement of a trigger owned by a given user or role.

Subclause 5.77, "VIEW PERIOD USAGE view":

Without Feature T181, "Application-time period tables", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.VIEW\_PERIOD\_USAGE.

Function

Identify the periods on which viewed tables defined in this catalog and owned by a given user or role are dependent.

SQL Server 2008 R2 varies as follows:

This feature is absent in the [ISO/IEC9075-11:2008] specification.

SQL Server 2012 varies as follows:

Transact-SQL does not support this feature.

### 2.1.2.26 T211, Basic trigger capability

V0032:

The specification states the following:

Subclause 5.66, "TRIGGERED UPDATE COLUMNS view":

Without Feature T211, "Basic trigger capability", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.TRIGGERED UPDATE COLUMNS.

#### Function

Identify the columns in this catalog that are identified by the explicit UPDATE trigger event columns of a trigger defined in this catalog that are accessible to a given user or role.

Subclause 5.667, "TRIGGER COLUMN USAGE view":

Without Feature T211, "Basic trigger capability", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.TRIGGER COLUMN USAGE.

#### Function

Identify the columns on which triggers defined in this catalog and owned by a given user are dependent because of their reference by the search condition or in their appearance in a triggered SQL statement of a trigger owned by a given user or role.

Subclause 5.69, "TRIGGER ROUTINE USAGE view":

Without Feature T211, "Basic trigger capability", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.TRIGGER ROUTINE USAGE.

Function

Identify each SQL-invoked routine owned by a given user or role on which some trigger defined in this catalog is dependent.

Subclause 5.70, "TRIGGER SEQUENCE USAGE view":

Without Feature T211, "Basic trigger capability", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.TRIGGER\_SEQUENCE\_USAGE.

Function

Identify each external sequence generator owned by a given user or role on which some trigger defined in this catalog is dependent.

Subclause 5.71, "TRIGGER TABLE USAGE view":

Without Feature T211, "Basic trigger capability", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.TRIGGER TABLE USAGE.

Function

Identify the tables on which triggers defined in this catalog and owned by a given user or role are dependent.

Subclause 5.72, "TRIGGERS view":

Without Feature T211, "Basic trigger capability", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.TRIGGERS.

#### Function

Identify the triggers defined on tables in this catalog that are accessible to a given user or role.

Subclause 5.81, "Short name views":

Function

Provide alternative views that use only identifiers that do not require Feature F391, "Long identifiers".

i) Without Feature T211, "Basic trigger capability", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.TRIG\_UPDATE\_COLS

ii) Without Feature T211, "Basic trigger capability", conforming SQL language shall not reference the INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.TRIG\_TABLE\_USAGE view.

iii) Without Feature T211, "Basic trigger capability", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.TRIG\_ROUT\_USAGE\_S.

iv) Without Feature T211, "Basic trigger capability", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.TRIG\_SEQ\_USAGE\_S.

v) Without Feature T211, "Basic trigger capability", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.TRIGGERS\_S.

vi) Without Feature T211, "Basic trigger capability", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.TRIG\_COLUMN\_USAGE.

SQL Server 2008 R2 and SQL Server 2012 vary as follows:

Transact-SQL does not support this feature.

### 2.1.2.27 T213, INSTEAD OF triggers

V0033:

The specification states the following:

Subclause 5.80, "VIEWS view":

```
Without Feature T213, "INSTEAD OF triggers", conforming SQL language shall not reference any of the columns IS_TRIGGER_UPDATABLE, IS_TRIGGER_DELETABLE, IS_TRIGGER_INSERTABLE_INTO.
```

Function

```
Identify the viewed tables defined in this catalog that are accessible to a given user or role.
```

Subclause 5.81, "Short name views":

```
Without Feature T213, "INSTEAD OF triggers", conforming SQL language shall not reference any of IS_TRIG_UPDATABLE, IS_TRIG_DELETABLE, IS_TRIG_INS_INTO.
```

Function

Provide alternative views that use only identifiers that do not require Feature F391, "Long identifiers".

SQL Server 2008 R2 and SQL Server 2012 vary as follows:

Transact-SQL does not support this feature.

### 2.1.2.28 T272, Enhanced savepoint management

V0034:

The specification states the following:

```
Subclause 5.53, "ROUTINES view":
Without Feature T272, "Enhanced savepoint management", conforming SQL-language shall not
reference INFORMATION_SCHEMA.ROUTINES.NEW_SAVEPOINT_LEVEL.
Function
```

Identify the SQL-invoked routines in this catalog that are accessible to a given user or role.

Subclause 5.81, "Short name views":

Without Feature T272, "Enhanced savepoint management", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.ROUTINES\_S.NEW\_SAVEPOINT\_LEVEL.

Function

Provide alternative views that use only identifiers that do not require Feature F391, "Long identifiers".

SQL Server 2008 R2 and SQL Server 2012 vary as follows:

Transact-SQL does not support this feature.

### 2.1.2.29 T331, Basic Roles

V0035:

The specification states the following:

Subclause 5.8, "ADMINISTRABLE ROLE AUTHORIZATIONS view":

Without Feature T331, "Basic roles", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.ADMINISTRABLE\_ROLE\_AUTHORIZATIONS.

Function

Identify role authorizations for which the current user or role has WITH ADMIN OPTION.

Subclause 5.9, "APPLICABLE ROLES view":

Without Feature T331, "Basic roles", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.APPLICABLE\_ROLES.

Function

Identifies the applicable roles for the current user.

Subclause 5.31, "ENABLED ROLES view":

Without Feature T331, "Basic roles", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.ENABLED ROLES.

Function

Identify the enabled roles for the current SQL-session.

Subclause 5.41, "ROLE COLUMN GRANTS view":

Without Feature F231, "Privilege tables", and Feature T331, "Basic roles", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.ROLE\_COLUMN\_GRANTS.

Function

Identifies the privileges on columns defined in this catalog that are available to or granted by the currently enabled roles.

Subclause 5.42, "ROLE ROUTINE GRANTS view":

Without Feature T331, "Basic roles", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.ROLE ROUTINE GRANTS.

#### Function

Identify the privileges on SQL-invoked routines defined in this catalog that are available to or granted by the currently enabled roles.

Subclause 5.43, "ROLE TABLE GRANTS view":

Without Feature T331, "Basic roles", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.ROLE\_TABLE\_GRANTS.

#### Function

Identifies the privileges on tables defined in this catalog that are available to or granted by the currently applicable roles.

Subclause 5.44, "ROLE TABLE METHOD GRANTS view":

Without Feature T331, "Basic roles", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.ROLE\_TABLE\_METHOD\_GRANTS.

Function

Identify the privileges on methods of tables of structured types defined in this catalog that are available to or granted by the currently enabled roles.

Subclause 5.45, "ROLE USAGE GRANTS view":

Without Feature T331, "Basic roles", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.ROLE\_USAGE\_GRANTS.

Function

Identify the USAGE privileges on objects defined in this catalog that are available to or granted by the currently enabled roles.

Subclause 5.46 "ROLE UDT GRANTS view":

Without Feature T331, "Basic roles", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.ROLE UDT GRANTS.

Function

Identify the privileges on user-defined types defined in this catalog that are available to or granted by the currently enabled roles.

Subclause 5.81, "Short name views":

Function

Provide alternative views that use only identifiers that do not require Feature F391, "Long identifiers".

i) Without Feature T331, "Basic roles", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.ADMIN ROLE AUTHS.

ii) Without Feature T331, "Basic roles", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.ROLE\_ROUT\_GRANTS.

iii) Without Feature T331, "Basic roles", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.ROLE\_TAB\_METH\_GRNTS.

#### SQL Server 2008 R2 and SQL Server 2012 vary as follows:

Transact-SQL does not support this feature.

### 2.1.2.30 T332, Declared data type attributes

V0036:

The [ISO/IEC9075-11:2008] specification states the following:

Subclause 5.11, "ATTRIBUTES view":

Without Feature T332, "Declared data type attributes", conforming SQL language shall not reference any of the columns DECLARED\_DATA\_TYPE, DECLARED\_NUMERIC PRECISION and DECLARED NUMERIC SCALE.

Function

Identify the attributes of user-defined types defined in this catalog that are accessible to a given user or role.

Subclause 5.21, "COLUMNS view":

Without Feature T332, "Declared data type attributes", conforming SQL language shall not reference any of the columns DECLARED\_DATA\_TYPE, DECLARED\_NUMERIC\_PRECISION and DECLARED\_NUMERIC\_SCALE.

Function

Identify the columns of tables defined in this catalog that are accessible to a given user or role.

Subclause 5.28, "DOMAINS view":

Without Feature T332, "Declared data type attributes", conforming SQL language shall not reference any of the columns DECLARED\_DATA\_TYPE, DECLARED NUMERIC PRECISION and DECLARED NUMERIC SCALE.

Function

Identify the domains defined in this catalog that are accessible to a given user or role.

Subclause 5.29, "ELEMENT TYPES view":

Without Feature T332, "Declared data type attributes", conforming SQL language shall not reference any of the columns DECLARED\_DATA\_TYPE, DECLARED NUMERIC PRECISION and DECLARED\_NUMERIC\_SCALE.

Function

Identify the collection element types defined in this catalog that are accessible to a given user or role.

Subclause 5.31, "FIELDS view":

Without Feature T332, "Declared data type attributes", conforming SQL language shall not reference any of the columns DECLARED\_DATA\_TYPE, DECLARED\_NUMERIC\_PRECISION and DECLARED\_NUMERIC\_SCALE.

Function

Identify the field types defined in this catalog that are accessible to a given user or role.

Subclause 5.33, "METHOD SPECIFICATION PARAMETERS view":

Without Feature T332, "Declared data type attributes", conforming SQL language shall not reference any of the columns DECLARED\_DATA\_TYPE, DECLARED NUMERIC PRECISION and DECLARED NUMERIC SCALE.

Identify the SQL parameters of method specifications described in the METHOD\_SPECIFICATIONS view that are accessible to a given user or role.

Subclause 5.35, "PARAMETERS view":

Without Feature T332, "Declared data type attributes", conforming SQL language shall not reference any of the columns DECLARED\_DATA\_TYPE, DECLARED NUMERIC PRECISION and DECLARED NUMERIC SCALE.

Function

Identify the SQL parameters of SQL-invoked routines defined in this catalog that are accessible to a given user or role.

Subclause 5.36, "REFERENCED TYPES view":

Without Feature T332, "Declared data type attributes", conforming SQL language shall not reference any of the columns DECLARED\_DATA\_TYPE, DECLARED NUMERIC PRECISION and DECLARED NUMERIC SCALE.

Function

Identify the referenced types of reference types defined in this catalog that are accessible to a given user or role.

Subclause 5.49, "ROUTINES view":

Without Feature T332, "Declared data type attributes", conforming SQL-language shall not reference any of the columns DECLARED\_DATA\_TYPE, DECLARED\_NUMERIC\_PRECISION, DECLARED\_NUMERIC\_SCALE, RESULT\_CAST\_FROM\_DECLARED\_DATA\_TYPE, RESULT\_CAST\_DECLARED\_NUMERIC\_PRECISION and RESULT\_CAST\_DECLARED\_NUMERIC\_SCALE.

Function

Identify the SQL-invoked routines in this catalog that are accessible to a given user or role.

Subclause 5.51, "SEQUENCES view": Without Feature T332, "Declared data type attributes", conforming SQL language shall not reference any of the columns DECLARED\_DATA\_TYPE, DECLARED NUMERIC PRECISION and DECLARED NUMERIC SCALE.

Function

Identify the external sequence generators defined in this catalog that are accessible to a given user or role.

Subclause 5.72, "USER DEFINED TYPES view":

Without Feature T332, "Declared data type attributes", conforming SQL language shall not reference any of the columns DECLARED\_DATA\_TYPE, DECLARED NUMERIC PRECISION and DECLARED NUMERIC SCALE.

Function

Identify the user-defined types defined in this catalog that are accessible to a given user or role.

Subclause 5.77, "Short name views":

Function

Provide alternative views that use only identifiers that do not require Feature F391, "Long identifiers".

i) Without Feature T332, "Declared data type attributes", conforming SQL language shall not reference any of ATTRIBUTES\_S.DECLARED\_DATA\_TYPE, ATTRIBUTES S.DEC NUMERIC PREC and ATTRIBUTES S.DEC NUM SCALE.

ii) Without Feature T332, "Declared data type attributes", conforming SQL language shall not reference any of COLUMNS S.DECLARED\_DATA\_TYPE, COLUMNS S.DEC NUMERIC PREC and COLUMNS S.DEC NUM SCALE.

iii) Without Feature T332, "Declared data type attributes", conforming SQL language shall not reference any of DOMAINS\_S.DECLARED\_DATA\_TYPE, DOMAINS\_S.DEC\_NUMERIC\_PREC and DOMAINS\_S.DEC\_NUM\_SCALE.

iv) Without Feature T332, "Declared data type attributes", conforming SQL language shall not reference any of ELEMENT\_TYPES\_S.DECLARED\_DATA\_TYPE, ELEMENT TYPES S.DEC NUMERIC PREC and ELEMENT TYPES S.DEC NUM SCALE.

v) Without Feature T332, "Declared data type attributes", conforming SQL language shall not reference any of FIELDS\_S.DECLARED\_DATA\_TYPE, FIELDS\_S.DEC\_NUMERIC\_PREC and FIELDS S.DEC NUM SCALE.

vi) Without Feature T332, "Declared data type attributes", conforming SQL language shall not reference any of METHOD\_SPECS.DECLARED\_DATA\_TYPE, METHOD SPECS.DEC NUMERIC PREC and METHOD SPECS.DEC NUM SCALE.

vii) Without Feature T332, "Declared data type attributes", conforming SQL language shall not reference any of METHOD\_SPEC\_PARAMS.DECLARED\_DATA\_TYPE, METHOD SPEC PARAMS.DEC NUMERIC PREC and METHOD SPEC PARAMS.DEC NUM SCALE.

viii) Without Feature T332, "Declared data type attributes", conforming SQL language shall not reference any of PARAMETERS\_S.DECLARED\_DATA\_TYPE, PARAMETERS S.DEC NUMERIC PREC and PARAMETERS S.DEC NUM SCALE.

ix) Without Feature T332, "Declared data type attributes", conforming SQL language shall not reference any of REFERENCED\_TYPES\_S.DECLARED\_DATA\_TYPE, REFERENCED TYPES S.DEC NUMERIC PREC and REFERENCED TYPES S.DEC NUM SCALE.

x) Without Feature T332, "Declared data type attributes", conforming SQL language shall not reference any of ROUTINES\_S.DECLARED\_DATA\_TYPE, ROUTINES\_S.DEC\_NUMERIC\_PREC and ROUTINES\_S.DEC\_NUM\_SCALE.

xi) Without Feature T332, "Declared data type attributes", conforming SQL language shall not reference any of SEQUENCES\_S.DECLARED\_DATA\_TYPE, SEQUENCES S.DEC NUMERIC\_PREC and SEQUENCES\_S.DEC\_NUM\_SCALE.

xii) Without Feature T332, "Declared data type attributes", conforming SQL language shall not reference any of UDT\_S.DECLARED\_DATA\_TYPE, UDT\_S.DEC\_NUMERIC\_PREC and UDT\_S.DEC\_NUM\_SCALE.

SQL Server 2008 R2 varies as follows:

Transact-SQL does not support this feature.

SQL Server 2012 varies as follows:

This feature is absent in the [ISO/IEC9075-11:2011] specification.

### 2.1.2.31 T522, Default values for IN parameters of SQL-invoked procedures

V0037:

The specification states the following:

Subclause 5.37, "PARAMETERS view":

Without Feature T522, "Default values for IN parameters of SQL-invoked procedures", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION SCHEMA.PARAMETERS.PARAMETER DEFAULT.

```
Identify the SQL parameters of SQL-invoked routines defined in this catalog that are accessible to a given user or role.
```

Subclause 5.81, "Short name views": Without Feature T522, "Default values for IN parameters of SQL-invoked procedures", conforming SQL language shall not reference INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.PARAMETERS\_S.PARAMETER\_DEFAULT.

Function

Provide alternative views that use only identifiers that do not require Feature F391, "Long identifiers".

SQL Server 2008 R2 varies as follows:

This feature is absent in the [ISO/IEC9075-11:2008] specification.

SQL Server 2012 varies as follows:

Transact-SQL does not support this feature.

# 3 Change Tracking

No table of changes is available. The document is either new or has had no changes since its last release.

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